Weekly Market Update

30 September 2024

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Stimulus measures announced in China boosted sentiment across global stock markets.

Market Monitor (%): How did major stock markets perform last week?



Market Update:



In the UK private sector activity remained in expansionary territory for the 11th month running. The Flash UK PMI Composite Output Index registered 52.9, down from 53.8 in August. Separately, inflation, as measured by prices charged, eased across the economy to a 42month low, further driving pressure on the Bank of England to continue reducing interest rates.



Stocks moved to record highs, as investors appeared to celebrate new stimulus measures in China. Chemicals and materials stocks were particularly strong on hopes for a rebound in Chinese demand. Technology stocks outperformed as well, helped by reports of a possible takeover of Intel and news that NVIDIA's CEO had ceased sales of his own shares in the company. Some benign inflation data helped spur an early rally Friday. Before trading opened, the Commerce Department reported that the Federal Reserve's preferred inflation gauge, the core (less food and energy) personal consumer expenditures (PCE) price index, rose only 0.1% in August, a tick below expectations. Meanwhile, personal incomes and spending both surprised on the downside in August, further suggesting a moderation in inflationary pressures.



European stocks rebounded last week, as evidence of slowing business activity spurred hopes for interest rate cuts. China also unveiled a package of measures to stimulate its economy, helping to lift sentiment. Business activity in the eurozone unexpectedly shrank in September due to a marked fall in new orders, according to purchasing managers' indexes (PMIs) compiled by S&P Global.

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📄 🛛 Japan

Japan's main stock market rose over the week as the Japanese yen weakened versus the US Dollar due to the US Federal Reserve's latest decision to cut interest rates. As mentioned in previous weeks, a weaker Japanese yen benefits exporters – making their goods less expensive compared to goods priced in stronger currencies. The week also saw the Bank of Japan (BoJ) leave their own interest rate level unchanged at around 0.25%, as expected. The Governor of the BoJ, Kazuo Ueda, stated that interest rate policy decisions depend on economic, price and financial developments and that interest rates will only be raised if forecasts are met. On the domestic data front, annual inflation rose to 3%, matching expectations and up from the prior month's 2.8%.



Chinese stocks surged after Beijing unveiled a slew of measures to shore up the economy. The moves were part of a sweeping stimulus package announced last Tuesday at a rare press conference by the Peoples Bank of China Governor that aims to jumpstart China's ailing economy. On Thursday, China's top leaders vowed to take action to stabilize the country's property market and make real estate prices "stop declining," according to state media. The readout from the meeting included a statement that China would deploy the necessary fiscal spending to meet its 2024 growth target of around 5%.



